SIX MONTHS.

Two Dollars if not paid in advance. The Columbia correspondent of the News and Courier, who is always fully acquaint: I with what is about to happen before it occurs, says: "It is said that Senator Brown has definitely decided to tender his donation of \$50,000, which was refused by the Georgia Legislature, to the South Carolina University." We trust that this will prove correct, as such a donation now would greatly advance the higher educational interests in our State.

News and Courier of Tuesday, says that by the jury, and one for Equity cases. the successor to the position declined by Gen. Conner on the Railroad Commission it is probable Col. J. B. E. Sloan, of Charleston, will be appointed. hope this information may be verified by the appointment of Col. Sloan, who is a gentleman of large business experience. of high character and undoubted qualification for the position. His appoint ment would be most acceptable to alparts of South Carolina, and would be a valuable acquisition to the Commission.

The Columbia correspondent of the News and Courier writing under date Dec. 29th, says: "The Richmond and Danville people, as a railroad man said this morning, are 'getting ready for the discontinued and a number of hands disthere will be a still further reduction in tailment of expenses."

THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

Governor Thompson appointed Ex- election service. Gov. Bonham, of Richland, Gen. James Jeter, of Union, as the Railroad Commissioners under the late act of the Leg-

Thompson will appoint a good man in our State laws to stand aside jurors in his place, and that the new law will be trials for misdemeanors. given a fair trial by sagacious and prudent men. Gov. Thompson has had a could have been chosen.

THE WORK OF THE SESSION.

The General Assembly which adjourned on the 23rd of December last, was one of the hardest worked legislative bodies that ever met in South Carolina. The session lasted from the 28th of November to the 23rd of December, a length of twenty six days, but in that time thanksgiving day, which reduced the number of working days to twenty-two. During the first week almost nothing beyond the organization of the House was accomplished, but after that time the body settled down to a steady, vigorous line of work, which enabled it in the brief period of its session to enact about 185 Acts and Joint Resolutions, besides acting upon a vast number of bills and resolutions which were rejected. The assions of the House lasted frequently from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., and from 7:30 p. m. to 12 p. m. The result was the completion of the business and final adjournment before the holidays. A number of very important matters were considered at the late session, prominent among which were the following:

An Act amending the Usury Law in South Carolina, so as to allow persons lending money to charge ten per cent. by written agreement to that effect, and requiring a forfeit of double the amount of interest charged, where more than that is charged. This Act was urged as a necessity in order to induce capital to come to South Carolina, and to enable our planters to borrow money from capitalists to run them, instead of going into liens, at a much higher rate of interest. It was intended to make the way for the passage of the Southern Land Loan Association, of which we shall bereafter speak. The passage of the Act was opposed on the ground that it would unsettle contracts now standing, that it would certainly put up the price of money to ten per cent, instead of seven, that it would induce money to be put into loans instead of investments which would permanently benefit the country, and because experience had vindicated the passage of the law regulating interest at seven per cent. The entire Anderson delegation voted against the change, except Mr. Clinkscales, who was absent when the vote was taken. We hope that the expectations of the friends of the new law will be fully realized, and that the country will be greatly benefited by it, though we must say that we believe it will prove generally injurious rather advantageous.

An Act which requires all conditional sales and bailments of personal property in this State to be recorded in the Clerk's office, in order to be good against creditors of the party in whose hands the personal property is left. This is to prevent frauds and perjuries, and is, we think, a good law.

An Act to ratify the Oonstitutional Amendment, which was adopted by the people disfranchising persons convicted of larceny, burglary, rape and similar offenses. This amendment, was voted against solidly by the Republicans in the House, and thus that party in South Carolina stand ont as the champions of

appreciates the responsibilities of citizenship would be willing to see the felous of a country helping to elect the officers who rule the State.

An Act to ratify the Constitutional Amendment, which empowers the Legislature to fix the time for holding State elections. The power given by this Amendment will probably not be used by the Legislature, unless there should arise some political necessity for so doing, which we do not think likely to occur as long as the eight box law works so satisfactority. It is, however, a safe power to give the Legislature, in order to be prepared for an emergency. This my memory, I thought the time might amendment, like the one above referred to, was opposed by the Republicans.

An act (which was introduced by Mr. Scudday) prescribing that there shall only be three Calendars for the Courts of Common Pleas, one for cases of judg-The Columbia correspondent of the ment by default, one for cases to be tried

An Act making the President of the State Agricultural and Mechanical Sociehas not been definitely settled, but that ty, and the Master of the State Grange, ex officio members of the Board of Trustees of the South Carolina University, The purpose of this Act was to give to the agricultural interests of the State an assured representation on the Board of Trustees, who control the interests of this University, which is expected to be a great practical advantage to the agriculture of South Carolina through the department of Agricultural chemistry, which is receiving especial care under the charge of Professor McBryde.

An Act to provide for the payment of the expenses of elections and election officers, which requires the County Commissioners to pay for the advertisements storm.' Yesterday thirty skilled work. of the Supervisors of Registration, the ing-men employed in the Charlotte, Co- making of ballot boxes and other similumbia and Augusta Railroad shops in lar expenses, and also requires the State this place were discharged. During the to pay to each Commissioner of election, past month two material trains on the three dollars for three days work, and to Columbia and Greenville road have been each manager and clerk, one dollar for one day's work in the business of holding charged. As business slackens up and elections. We believe the last provision the necessities of the roads demand, in the Act to be unwise, because it does not give sufficient compensation to sethe force of employees, the authorities cure any more efficient managers of elechaving determined upon a general cur- tion than we have had without any compensation. It is, therefore, we think, a useless expenditure of money, if not a positive injury to the efficiency of the

An Act amending the law as to em-Conner, of Charleston, and Ex-Gover- paneling juries, so as to allow both sides to challenge the full number to which they are entitled, either from the first islature, with terms of six, four and two panel, or from the jurors added in the years each. These appointments have place of any who may be rejected, and given very great satisfaction to the peo- also prohibiting the standing aside of ple of the State, and very general regret jurors by the prosecution in any cases was felt everywhere at Gen. Conner's de- less than felony. The purpose of this law was to remove any possible idea that There is, however, no doubt that Gov. the United States has the right under

An Act to exempt certain Counties from the operation of the Stock Law great responsibility put upon him by the upon certain conditions. In order to ob-Legislature, in requiring these appoint- tain the exemption, a majority of the ments to be made by the Governor, but land owners must petition for an election he has met it successfully, and given to on the question, and then if a majority the State as capable, as upright and in vote for the exemption, it is to be granevery way as acceptable a commission as ted after such County or township so voting has built a lawful fence around it, the fence to be paid for by a tax on the live stock of such section, excepting horses. In our epinion, the Act is not calculated to be of any practical value, and ought not to have been passed. It affords no practicable relief from the Stock Law.

An Act to incorporate the Southern Land Loan Association, to lend money at a rate not exceeding ten per cent. per annum to farmers, upon mortgage of real estate, for not less than ninety days. This is an association of European capitalists, who contemplate using several million dollars in this State, according to the advocates of the Act. It is a dangerous measure, in that if the amount of foreign capital expected under this Act is brought here, it is more than probable that it will absorb no inconsiderable portion of our lands. In addition to these, Acts were passed creating a Railroad Commission, providing for the delevopment of the Columbia Canal, and regulating the admission of patients to the Lunatic Asylum, all of which are very important measures, of which we will speak more at length next week.

Roster of Circuit Judges

The following assignment of Judges to hold respective Courts of Common Pleas and General Sessions has been ordered for the year 1883. As will be seen, the names of the Judges and of the representative towns in their respective circuits, are given:

The first session of respective circuits will be held by the Circuit Judges as follows:

First Circuit, by Judge Cothran of the Eighth Circuit; Second Circuit, by Judge Pressley of the First Circuit; Third Circuit, by Judge Aldrich; Fourth Circuit, by Judge Frazer; Fifth Circuit, by Judge Hudson; Sixth Circuit, by Judge Kershaw; Secenth Circuit, by Judge Witherspoon; Eighth Circuit, by Judge Wallace.

The second session of the respective Circuits will be held by the Circuit

Judges as follows:

First Circuit, by Judge Wallace; Second Circuit, by Judge Cothran; Third Circuit, by Judge Pressley; Fourth Circuit, by Judge Pressley; Fourth Circuit, cuit, by Judge Aldrich; Fifth Circuit, by Judge Fraser; Sixth Circuit, by Judge Henderson; Seventh Circuit, by Judge Kershaw; Eighth Circuit by

Judge Witherspoon.

The third session of the respective Circuits will be held by the Circuit Judges as follows:

First Circuit by Judge Witherspoon; Second Circuit by Judge Wallace; Third Circuit by Judge Cothran; Fourth Circuit by Judge Pressley; Fifth Circuit by Judge Aldrich; Sixth Circuit by Judge Fraser; Seventh Circuit hy Judge Hudson; Eighth Circuit by Judge Kershaw.

Railroad Gobbled.

NEW YORK, December 29.—Col. C. M. McGhee, of Knoxville, and vice-president of the East Tennessee, Virginia

other company.

The stock of the Richmond and Danfelon suffrage here. It can scarcely pre-tend to be the party of great moral ideas after this record, for no man who properly intended a year ago.

HOW TO GROW CARP. Hints Picked up by Col. D. Wyatt Aiken at a Lecture in Chicago.

Correspondence News and Courier. CHICAGO, December 14 .- I was latterly called from duties to the Northwest, and returning through this beehlve this morning I concluded to spend a day in attendance upon the National Agricultural Association, which I knew was in session here. The day has been one of much interest to me, and the most interesting portion of it was spent in listening to an hour's talk upon the question of fish culture by one Capt. Pearce, of Pennsylvania, and while waiting to night for my train, with his speech be well spent in dotting down for pub those ideas most essential to your readers who are attempting to grow sh, many of whom I know live in Third district.

The speaker, Capt. Pearce, seemed to ntimate that he was master of his sub-ect, and what he did not know about hes was not worth knowing.

He said, let those who have the time and spare money attempt to grow trout and other fishes, but the masses must grow only the carp. This was the fish for the people and about which the peode knew but little, and were attempting practice the culture of without knowldge, and consequently going directly in

The carp is a native of Asia, where it has been cultivated, grown and fattened, even in wash tubs, for centuries. Six hundred years ago it was introduced by Jesuits into Austria, thence into Germa ay, Prassia and Italy, in which countries day handreds of thousands of acres of onds were devoted to their culture, and apon which almost millions of people ubsisted. The carp is a timid fish and should

ever be in a pond with other fishes. Big carp never destroy little carp. They hybernate at the first cold weather in the fall and come out when the sun grows warm in the spring, exactly the same size they were in the fall, having lived through the winter with their whole body buried in the mud head downward. They grow only when the water is warm. They should never be fed, but "pastured" upon the natural vegetation of the pond. They do not own in sand beds as other fishes, but ie female spawns upon growing vegetaoles and the males lash these growing plants with their tails throwing the milt over them. There are usually three males to one female. They grow more the second than the first year, and should not be caten till they are three years old, when they will vary in length from a foot to eighteen inches, and in weight from six to nine pounds. They can be grown as cheap food for the million, while it will cost nearly a dollar to grow eventy-five cents worth of any other

There should be three ponds, immate rial whether they were together or not. They may be miles apart. One for the spawn and yearling, one for the two year olds, and one for the eating fish. The pond should be as shallow as possible, never more than tive feet deep in the South, and as much shallower as possible. An average of two feet is the best depth. The bottom should be mud if possible, and if the pond is in a ravine with pre-cipitous sides it should be filled up to prevent deep water. The dam should be o constructed as to enable the owner to draw off the water from the bottom, and all water escaping from the pond should go through a grate at the bottom of the dam, so as to let off the cold water, there being at least twenty degrees of hea difference between the first and the fifth foot of water in a pond five feet deep. There should be no shade trees near the pond, and every encouragement given to the growth of all kinds of mud or grasses. There should be a planked vat bout two feet deep and ten feet square just inside the dam in the deepest portion f the pond, so that when the water was drawn off to catch the fish they would all seek that vat, and could be dipped from it in a basket or net.

The captain said much more that was new and interesting, but I've given the

essential points. To night we had two very interesting "talks" on "Sheep growing" and "The Hog with a streak of lean and a streak of fat," which I wish I could report, but have not the time, for in half an hour more I expect to be wending my way

D. WYATT AIKEN.

The Dead of the Year.

Every year has its list of distinguished dead, for the distinguished in this life are no more exempt from earth's maladies than the obscure: but the dead of beyond the number usually allotted to a single twelve month. The two greatest thinkers of the age, for example, were taken from us—Charles Darwin and Ralph Waldo Emerson. Science and philosophy moorn also the death of the

two Drapers, father and son.
Henry W. Longfellow heads the list of dead poets. Rossetti, who held no infe-rior place among English poets, followed closely after. The world mourns also the loss of Anthony Trollope and Berthold Auerbach, both novelists of merit and wide popularity; George P. Marsh, philologist, and Richard H. Dana, au-

thor of "Two Years Before the Mast."
The church has lost Dr. Tait, Archbishop of Canterbury, and Dr. Pusey, who started a movement that has left a deep impression on the English church. Of dead soldiers should be mentioned the Italian liberator, Garibaldi; the hero of Plevna, Skobeleff: the Russian soldier of Central Asia, Kaufmann, and General Ducrot, of the French army. In this connection, perhaps, mention should be made of Louis Blanc, whose life was one unceasing fight against power and privi-

lege.
The losses in the political world have been unusally numerous and great. knc... Georgia mourns the death of her gifted or tak son, Benjamin Harvey Hill, who died on the in the sixteenth day of August. Four exthe sixteenth day of August. Four exgovernors were taken away—Bullock of Massachusetts, Lapham of California, Washburne of Wisconsin, and Denison of Ohio. Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, departed this life in May, and Congressman Orth a few days ago. The navy lost Rear Admiral John Rogers, and the army General J. G. Barnard and General G. K. Warren.

The widows of Daniel Webster and Abraham Lincoln will have places in the country's necrology for 1882, and so will the New Haven philanthropist, Joseph

he New Haven philanthropist, Joseph E. Sheffield, and the railroad manager of Bolingbroke, William M. Wadley. The year will be long remembered throughout the civilized world by the deaths of Darwin and Emerson, and in Georgia by the taking away, in the heights of his power and fame, of her great senator, Bon Hill.—Atlanta Con-

- The Winnsboro' News having comnented upon the statement of a New York Herald correspondent that Senator president of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad, is in this city and it is reported that he has just closed negotiations with the Richmond & Danville Conpany, by which the Rabun Gap Rond, otherwise known as the Knoxville and Augusta Railroad, is transferred to on the tariff to have made them the subject of communication to his paper here. the proceedings of the last session of Congress when the question of taxation, both external and internal, was under consideration. My votes and utterances on that occasion are the best refutation to the Palmetto State again.—Greenville News.

Crushed by a Chimney.

BRADFORD, ENG. December 23. This morning a tall chimney fell upon persons were killed and forty seriously

ujured.
LATER.—Thirty-six persons are now mown to have been killed and fifty oth ers injured, mostly women and children lwing to the amount of debris the exact number of killed cannot be learned for ,000 persons are thrown out of employ with the demolished chimney being brought to a standstill.

Santa Claus on Fire,

MONTGOMERY, Dec. 26.-A large gathering of Sunday school scholars and friends of the Presbyterian Church asembled yesterday afternoon in Academy Hall to partake of a Christmas dinne A Christmas tree was erected on the stage and at the proper moment the curain rose and Santa Claus made his appearance. In passing before the tree his wig, composed of long cotton, accidentally took fire and in an instant he was enveloped in flames. In this condition he leaped down among the audience, who in the haste to get down the stairs trampled each other. A person had presence of mind to wrap his coat around he burning victim and force him down upon the floor, thus saving his life and that of many others, for at that instant another gentleman, who threw an overcoat over him, struck a lamp overhead which came down upon him with a crash, spilling the oil over his whole per A fierce and desperate fight ensued to save life, in the mid-t of which pans full of dish water played a prominent part. The flames were finally subdued. The victim, George Smedes, was badly but not fatally burned. He was conveyed to his residence, where he is suffering

Healed by Sincere Faith.

PHILADELPHIA, December 29.- Mrs. Francis Keyser, of No. 1018 West Cumperland street, has, after being dumb for a year, regained her voice while attending a prayer meeting held in the Memorial Methodist Episcopal church, Eighth and Cumberland streets. At the time of her recovery several persons were praying for the restoration of her voice The case is regarded as a remarkable instance of "faith cure" by the congrega-tion of the church, and Mrs. Keyser has become the center of interest in religious Philadelphia. She tells her story as fol-

"I awoke on the morning of December 4, 1881, and found that I could not speak. I called in several physicians, but they told me they could do nothing to aid me I resolved that I would seek the aid of God, and I prayed diligently every hour of the day. Last Monday night I resolved to have the class meeting of the church pray for me. going to the church I had a presentment that the prayers would prove efficacious. One member cried out, 'God help her, and loosen her tongue!' and at'that in-stant I shouted 'Glory!' in a voice that penetrated every part of the church. When I returned home I startled my husband so greatly by speaking to him that he almost fainted." About four years ago Mrs. Keyser lost her voice in the same manner, but after the lapse of two weeks suddenly regained it.

The Blue and the Grey.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee has been invited by the Grand Army Post of Bangor, Maine, which numbers among its mem-bers 350 old soldiers, to deliver before them and the citizens of Bangor his lecture on the,"Battle of Chancellorsville. which recently met with great success in the Southern cities. The invitation, which is signed by Dr. Aug. C. Hamlin, a nephew of ex-Vice President Hannibal Hamlin, as chairman of committee, assures Gen. Lee that the ex-Federal soldiers will be pleased to listen to his description of the battle of Chancellorsville, and that "they will be prepared to accept its truths, for the deeds of valor performed on either side during the war operty of the Gen. Lee is further assured nation." that the invitation is offered in good faith, and has no ulterior political object whatever; hence he will not be expected to arrange his lecture to suit New England fancies, but to say whatever he thinks proper and right. Dr. Hamlia names several other New England cities in which he thinks the lecture can be in which he thinks the lecture can be successfully delivered, being convinced that the old soldiers of the Grand Army would be very glad to lend their assis the year include distinguished names tance in aiding to obtain funds for the beyond the number usually allotted to a use of the Southern Historical Society, for the truth must prevail in the end Gen. Lee has responded to the invitation in the same frank spirit, that while it is out of his power to accept the invitation at this time, it will give him pleasure to do so at some future day.

An Honest Republican.

HARTFORD, CONN., December 31.— Wm. H. Bulkeley, Republican candidate for Governor in the late election, has written the followin letter:

HARTFORD, December 3v, 1882. CHAS. J. COLE, Esq., Chairman Re-publican State Committee—Dear Sir: My attention having been called to va-rious discussions which have appeared in the public prints relating to "Black balso called, I desire to say for myself that under the circumstances no matter what doubts may exist in regard to the legal election of Gov. Waller, I do not entertain, and have not for one moment entertained an idea that it would be possible for me to hold the office of Governor, no matter what the General Assembly may do or declare, and any act. they may take must be with the knowinge that in no event will I serve position, which I believe it was of the electors to give to another.

of which the black ballots are The IL violation was originated by Democrats who claimed that it would protect laboring men against coercion by employers. The lawyers here generally think the black ballots technically illegal. The Democrats claim that the Re-publican ballots which had a narrow border round the names were also illegal. These were, however, submitted to high legal and judicial authority before the election and declared legal. Gen. Bulkeley's letter will probably prevent any controversy in the Legislature over the

- Last fall a family of colored people surnamed Sikes, went to Arkansas and settled rear Little Rock. They found that the sand pictured to them by railroad men and land agents was not a Beulah land, and within the year the mother of the family has died in consequence of the unhealthy country in which their fertunes were cast. The father is now sick unto death, and the two sons wrote to Mr. Columbus Tar-Butler entertained strong protective tariff views, the Senator has written a letter to the News, in which he says: "If the correspondent of the New York Herald them back, and they express much satisfaction at a return to their old home, Mr. Tarrant having hired them. They the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company. It is not known whether the latter company intends to complete the road, or whether they buy it to prevent its being controlled by some that many colored people were discon-tented, sick and dying in the section in which they lived, and a number expressTragedy at Washington.

A Washington dispatch of the 1st, says: The great event of the day was the building full of operatives. Twenty four President's reception. The Executive Mansion which has been thoroughly re painted, decorated and newly upholstered and furnished, presented a handsome appearance. The Marine Band was staoned in the vestibule and played sever l airs during the reception. The Presideat and party stood in the blue parlor two or three days. The total damage and the pre-entations was made by Mar is estimated at over £60,000. About shal EcMichael and Col. Rockwell. At 11 15 Hon, Elisha Allen, Minister ment, eight mills having flue connections | Hawaiian Islands, oldest member of the diplomatic corps, who had remained a short time after being presented to the President, had retired to the cloak room in company with his son and was chat-ting pleasantly with a number of gen-tlemen, when suddenly his head fell sack and he became speechless. geon General Crane and several other Army and Navy Surgeons, who were in attendance at the President's reception, and distribute presents to the scholars | gave Mr. Allen prompt attention, but he died in a few minutes. The cause of his death was augina pertoris. Word was conveyed to the President, who at once stopped the reception. The band was silenced and the White House closed.

A SECOND DELUGE COMING.

Letter of Professor Wiggins, Astonomer, to the President of the United States.

The President has received a communiation from Professor E. Stone Wiggins, L. D., Astronomer of the Canadian finance Department, of which the folowing is a copy: Ottawa, November 27, 1882 —To his Excellency President Arthur, President of the United States, Washington—May it please your Excellency: On the 23d of September last I amounced through the Canadian press that a great storm would occur in March next; that it would first be felt in the Northern Pacific, would ap-pear in the Gulf of Mexico on the night of he 9th and, being deflected by the Rocky Mountains, would cross this meridian from the west at noon of Sunday, March 11, 1883. No vessel, whatever her dimen-sions, will be safe out of harbor, and sions, will be safe out of harbor, and none of small tonnage can hope to survive the tidal wave and fury of this tempest. As the wind will blow from the southeast the planetary force will be sufficient to submerge the low lands of the American coast, especially those hordering on the Gulf of Mexico and washed by the Gulf Stream, while the air currents for several hundred miles along the east side of the Rocky Mountain range over side of the Rocky Mountain range, owing to the great atmospheric pressure in those regions, will spread universal de-struction. The New England States will also suffer severely from the winds and floods. No point outside of harbor in the whole area of the Atlantie, especially north of the Equator, will be a place of safety, for this will be pre-eminently the

greatest storm that has visited this conti-nent since the days of your illustrious first President.

In view of this event, therefore, I take the great liberty of representing to your Excellency the advisability of ordering all United States ships into safe harbors not later than the 5th of March till this

storm be passed. GEN. GORDON'S WHITE GUIT.- The white suit of clothes worn by Gen. Gor-don and which looks odd, worn in the dead of winter, was given him in England by Capt. Mayne Reid, the best known writer of boys' books that has lived in the past twenty years. The author is living on a farm of sixty acres in Herefordshire. His farm is his hobby and gives him a handsome living. Its chief product is woo!, and the cloth of Gen. Gordon's suit was grown on the back of Reid's sucep and woven at his own order for the gallant ex Confederate Capt. Reid still has a fine income from his books, though they have been largely supplanted by later works. He walks on crutches, one of the old wounds he received in Mexico having reopened and lamed him .- Atlanta Constitut

- The wife of fasting Dr. Tanner has lately taken up her abode in France, having obtained a divorce from her eccentric husband under the following cir-cumstances: Dr. Tanner, it appears, is peculiarly addicted to extraordinary fancies, and some time since he thought hat he had found out that the human character becomes modified according to the food taken by the individual, especially in relation to the vegetables consumed. Carrots, he avers, make eople fidgety and extreme amiability, while a prolonged diet of French beaus induces great irritability of temper. The carrying out of this theory has brought great trouble into Dr. Tanner's home. He made a heavy wager on the question with some friends and experimented on Mrs. Tanner with French beans, giving her to eat about three pounds of this vegetable daily. It is not altogether to be wondered at if, after such a regimen, Mrs. Tanner became rather more irritable than was perhaps contemplated, and threw a jug at Dr. Tanner's head. The doctor, however, gained his bet; and, more thoroughly convinced than ever of the truth of his theory, put his wife on the turnip diet, so as to make her as amiable as she was before the French bean regimen. This time, however, the result was not so strictly in accordance with the theory. Mrs. Tanner objected to being any longer z subject for these vegetarian

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys neys and Liver, which you are being so frightened about, Hop Bitters is the only thing that will surely and permanently prevent and cure. All other pretended make you many times worse.

- Governor Stephens, according to the Macon Telegraph, has within two months set aside by pardons the findings of forty-nine juries. Of the number pa doned twelve were serving sentences for marder and six for assault, with intent

tues. A lady writes from Oregon: "For kidney complaints. Two packages of Kidney Wort have done me more good Kidney Wort have done me more good than all the medicine and doctors I have

TAX NOTICE.

THE office of the County Treasurer will be open from the 1st to the 10th day of January for payment of State, County, School and Poli Taxes, with 15 per cent. penalty added.

THE Choses in Action of Newton Scott, deceased, which have been appraised doubtful or worthless, consisting of Notes and Accounts, will be sold at Anderson C. H., S. C., on the 20th day of January, 1883. Terms of Sale—Cash.

WM. McGUKIN, Adm'r. Jan 4, 1883

A LL persons are hereby warned not to hire or harbor my son, John Preston Saylors, who is a minor, and has left me without my consent. Any person disregarding this notice will be proceeded against at lear

All persons having demands against the Estate of Mrs. M. M. Humphreys, dec'd, are hereby notified to present them, properly attested, io the undersigned within the time prescribed by law, and all persons indebted to the Estate are notified to make payment of the sums due at once.

experiments, sued for a divorce, and what s more singular, obtained it.

Diabetes and other Diseases of the Kidcures only relieve for a time and then

* * * By asking too much we may lose the little that we had before." Kidney-Wort asks nothing but a fair trial. This given, it fears no loss of faith in its virhad before. I thelieve it is a sure cure.

M. P. TRIBBLE, Treasurer Anderson County. Jan 4, 1883

Notice of Sale.

WARNING.

garding this notice will be proceede against at law.

JAMES L. SAYLORS.

Jan 4, 1883

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

of the sums due at once.
ANDREW HUNTER, Adm'r.
Jan 4, 1885

Make Your Returns.

A LL persons liable to pay City Taxes are hereby notified to make their Returns before the 1st February next, or the penalty will be attached according to law.

WM. S. BROWN. City Clerk.

25 NOTICE.

A T the annual meeting of the Anderson Farmers' and Mechanics' Associa-tion, the election of officers was postponed until the 10th day of January, 1883. J. E. BREAZEALE. Secretary A. F. & M. A.

Notice final settlement. The undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Newton Scott, deceased hereby gives notice that he will, on the 60 day February, 1883, apply to the Judge of Probate of Anderson County for a Final Settlement of said Estate, and a discharge from said Administratorship.
WM. McGUKIN, Adm'r. Jan 4, 1853

Law Partnership.

THE undersigned having formed a part-nership for the Practic of Law, under the firm name of MURRAY, BREAZEALE A MURRAY, will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care. Es-pecial attention will be given to the collecion of claims. Office-Over J. P. Sulii van & Co.'s Store, on Northern corner of Granite Row. J. S. MURRAY, J. E. BREAZEALE, E. B. MURRAY.

Jan 1, 1883

NOTICE TO Administrators, Executors, Guardians

And Truste s. A 1.L Administrators, Executors, Guardians and Trustees are hereby noticel to make their Annual Returns to this office during the month of January as re-

> THOS. C. LIGON. Judge of Probate.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. MRS. C. R. MURRAY will open at her of January, 1883, a School for Young Ladies. The scholastic year will be divided into three terms of thirteen weeks each. The price of tuition, including French, Latin and lessons in Primary Drawing, will be from \$6 to \$12 per term, according to the studies pursued. Instruction in Musie on the Piano and Organ \$13.334 per term. Boarding, in good families, can be obtained for \$10 per month, including lights and fuel, exclusive of washing. C. R. MURRAY.

Jan 4, 1882 STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

By Thomas C. Ligan, Judge of Probate Whereas, Samuel McCrary, has applied o me to grant him Letters of Administra-ion on the Estate and effects of John W. Thomas, deceased. These are therefore to cite and admonish

all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said John W. Thomas, deceased, that they be and appear before me in the Court of Probate, to be held at Anderson 11., on Saturday, the 20th day of January, 883, after publication hereof, to show cause, f any they have, why the said Adminisration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 3rd day of Jan., 1883. THOMAS C. LIGON, J. P. 3 25 Jan 4. 1883

ADGER COLLEGE, WALHALLA, S. C.

FACULTY. REV. F. P. MULLALLY, D. D., President REV. J. R. RILEY, D. D. REV. H. STRONG, A. M. PROF. WM. S. MOORE.

THE next Session commences September 21, 1882. English, Classical and Scientific Courses. Military drill. Tuition \$40 per annum. Board in private families \$10 per month. Located at the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains, the climate is unsurpassed. For further information or catalogue address any member of the Feedler. alogue address any member of the Faculty. F. P. MULLALLY, D.D., President. Aug 24, 1882

S., R. & CO., Sell Everything kept in a First Class

DRUG STORE.

ALSO, THE CELEBRATED C. C. COOKING OIL

Which is without taste or smell, and is

SIMPSON, REID & CO. Jan 4, 1883 NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

FINE Firm of LICON & SHARPE this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the business will be conducted by V. S. Ligon.
All Accounts and Notes due the firm of Ligon & Sharpe must be paid to W. S. Ligon, by mutual consert.
W. S. LIGON, LOUIS SHARPE.

Jan. 2, 1883.

New Firm.

HAVING purchased the Stock of Goods from Ligon & Sharpe I propose to continue the business, and my customers will find it to their interest to give me a share of their

patronage.

To those who are oweing Ligon & Sharpe To those who are oweing Ligon & Sharpe on Account for last year, I must urge upon them to pay up at once to me, as I do not intend to carry over one single Account. By settling up you will avoid all litigation.

W. S. LIGON. Jan 4, 1883

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of ROB'T. A. LEWIS & CO. has this day been discoved by mutual consent, Mr. J. Baylis Lewis re-

J. BAYLIS LEWIS, W. J. MOORHEAD. Belton, S. C., Jan. 1, 1883.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, and will continue the business under the firm name and style of LEWIS & MOORHEAD.

All persons indebted to Rob't A. Lewis & Co. will make payment to Lewis & Moorhead, and all persons so indebted are notified that payment must be made at once.

We have a first class stock of Goods or hand, which we will sell very low for cash. We will also handle Guano largely this season, and will sell the same on the very best terms, and at the lowest prices.

ROB'T. A. LEWIS,

W. J. MOORHEAD. Jan 1, 1883

\$200 REWARD! WILL be paid for the detection and

conviction of any person selling or dealing in any bogus, counterfeit or imitation Hop BITTERS, especially Bitters or preparations with the word Hor or Hors in their name or connected therewith, that is intended to mislead and cheat the public, or for any preparation put in any form, pretending to be the same as Hor BITTERS. The genuine have cluster of GREEN Hors (notice this) printed on the white label, and are the purest and best medicine on earth, especially for Kidney, Liver Nervous Diseases Beware of all others, and of all pretended formulas or recipes of Hor Birraks published in papers for sale, as they are fraude and swindles. Whoever deals in any but the genuine will be prosecuted, HOP BITTERS MFG. CO.,

Rochester, N. Y. 25

-TRADE-

NORMAN'S NEUTRALIZING CORDIAL.

-MARKA SURE and effectual Remedy for the cure of all irregularities and disorders of the Stomach and Box it, which there is children or addit. It is acceptable to the Stomach without being officiarie to the faster.

Fromptly relieving Choicia Infantina.

Chur Granter Lane, Platinery.

NORMAN'S NEUTRALIZING CORDIAL Is as pleasant and harmless as Black-berry Wine. Does not contain Opium and will not constipate. Specially recom-mended for Seasickness and Teething Children. A STATE OF THE STA

Price 25c. and \$1.00 per bottle. Soit by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine EXCELSIOR CHEMICAL CO. Sole Proprietors, Walhalla, S. C. U. S. A.

A SA COSTONIA

KIDNEY-WORT FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.

No other discussives prevalent in this coun-try ar Const patien, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Fidney-Wort as a lare. Whatever the came, however obstinate alled the celebrated a they were as a common to whitever the case, however obstitute each, this remedy will everyone it. The desired distributes on the state of parts and quickly alled a first of parts and quickly alled a first of the section of parts and quickly alled a first of the section of parts and quickly alled a first of the section when physicians we before failed. Druggiste dell

ONE THOUSAND

EIGHT HUNDRED

1883 IS now upon us, and we are anxious to reduce our large Stock of Goods, and for this purpose we

EIGHTY-THREE.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

Our Goods are GOOD, and our as ment is GOOD, and we can make it to your interest to buy from us.

Those who come in early and pay up what they owe will estab-

New Goods Arriving Daily.

lish a reputation as prompt payers, and can always buy to advantage. Think of this, for "THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."

We hope to be able to trade off a great nany receipts during January. As ever, your friends,

A. B. TOWERS & CO. Jan 4, 1883 25

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A PPLICATION FOR HOMESTEAD.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that Mrs. Sallie B. Masters, widow of M. A. Masters, deceased, has filed her application with me to have a Homestead set off to be and her minor children in the Estate of

Masters, deceased, has filed her application with me to have a Homestead set off to her and her minor children in the Estate of M. A. Masters, deceased, and the same will be heard Monday, 22d January, 1893.

W. W. HUMPHREYS, Master.

Dec 23, 1882

21

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All persons having demands against the Estate of W. C. Armstrong, dec'ed, are bereby notified to present them, properly attested, to the undersigned within the time prescribed by law, and those indebted to make payment immediately.

Dec 21, 1882 A. C. STRICKLAND, Adm'r.

Land for Sale.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

REED

pear.

return our thanks for the liberal p the public have appreciated our eff ESS in our City. And now, with the all kinds of Groceries and Family Strof our FINE COFFEES and TEAL public will find it to their interest to es. Those who have tried us say the e and see us.

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Board in the city can be had at result

ble prices.
For further information, apply to
W. J. LIGON, Principal
N. B.—Those in arrears for tuition Miles

Attorneys at Law and Real Estate April

Nov 30, 1882 MOORE & WARDLAW.

IMPORTANT.

Studebaker Wagons

Celebrated STUDEBAKER WAGON rived to-day. Come and supply 1000 before they are all gone.

Wagons-or anything else, that we had got to have the last dollar due us by first January, 1883, and if you do not on square up and settle, you will hare to A cost. We see no reason why you not pay up promptly now, as cropile been universally good this year. We buy Cotton largely, and keep in gant assorted stock of Goods on hand Call, pay up, sell us your Cotton,

BLECKLEY, BROWN & FREIWELL

\$3,000

WE are now receiving a splendid Stock of OLOTHING—Mens', Youths and De Full Suits—Broadcloth Coats, Pants and Vests; Fine Diagonal Suits, and Ost Pants, Vests, Overcoats, Oil Cloth Coats, &c., &c., to fit person and purse.

Broadcloths, French Diagonals, To., ALSO. Broadcloths, French Diagonals, English and American Cassimeres, Dos Skins, 100.

-ALSO-

JOHE W. DANIELS, Proprietor.

Prepared by a Woman. The Greatest Hedled Discovery Sizes the Bare The Greatest Helless Discoury Steeth but the LEF it revives the drooping spirits, invess harmonizes the organic functions give dead firmness to the step, restores the naturalism eye, and plants on the pale check of wons the roses of life's spiring and early summer in.

BEF Physicians Use it and Prescribe if find it removes faintness, flatulency, desiring it removes faintness, flatulency, desiring it. Physicians Use it and Prescribe it fact.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroyed, for stimulant, and relieves weakness of its as.

That feeling of bearing down, cossing pay, and backache, is always permanently only in For the cure of Kidney Complains of the this Compound is anasygued. LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD FIRM will cradicate every restige of fluor to will oradicate every restige of fluor to Blood, and give tone and strength to the man woman or child. Innist on laving 2. Both the Compound and Blood Perifer to at 23 and 25 Western Avane, Lyn, ka either, \$1. Six bottles for \$5. Benty miles of pills, or of lonenges, on receipt of reas for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely armine for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely armine inquiry. Enclose 3ct stamp. Bend for panish Inquiry.

No family should be without LYDIA R FIRE LAVER PILLS. They cure constipate has and sorpidity of the liver. E couls per below and sorpidity of the liver. E couls per below.

See Sold by all Drugglets. 53

Lydia & Sintl

Is a Positive Care

LYDIÃ E. PINKHA

For all those Painful Complaints mi Value as common to our best female points

A Medicine for Woman. Investediges

VEGETABLE COMPOUNT

WELL, NEIGHB It is getting pretty Cold Co. and get a pair of their BLANKETS, for they have the best le

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saw."

Every word true, and if you deal lieve it call and see for yourself.

Blankets from \$2.75 to \$16.00 s page
don't forget a good LAP RONE. Dec 7, 1882 A. B. TOWERS & @ CERMAN MAINIT, direct inse

Peruvian Guano, direct from agent of the Poruvian Government Fish Gnano, 6 to 8 per cent, Nova Scotia Land Plaster. South Carolina-ground Plante, fine ground and of high grade

G. M. JONES. DENTISTRY. E have removed our office in Centennial Building, orer I Clark & Co.'s Store, where we are preprie execute all work in our line at short and

We are prepared to Extract Teeth without Pala All charges reasonable. Parties Indebted to us, or either of a Dentistry will please bear in mind that time has come for a settlement. We money, and hope those who one ad pay without further trouble.

Respectfully,
JONES & STRICKLAN
Nov 30, 1882 20 Carolina Collegiate Institu

FINHIS SCHOOL will open again July HIS SCHOOL will open again Has, 1883.

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pay up. Dec 23, 1882 JOHN B. MOORE. COLUMBUS WARM MOORE & WARDLAW,

Our friends and the public renealest requested to remember that my business intrusted to our charge will business intrusted to our charge ware ceive our prompt and careful attention.

We are also engaged in the Real Engany information in reference to lead at mry be desired. Persons having Real by tate to sell, will find it to their intensit consult us, as we will sell for them, it sired. We will also purchase Real Defor any person wishing to purchase at the per cent. communission—large transactions.

per cent. commission—large transition subject to special agreement. All business, of whatever kind, insus-ed to our care will receive our special use

THE long looked-for Car Load of

We would not forget to remind those th are in debt to us on our old firm as account whatever—for Merchandis, Gan

buy what you need. Very respectfully,

TRACT NO. 1 of the "Burn's land,"

near Pendleton, S. C., on the Twenty
Three Mile Creek, containing 131 acres,
more or less, adjoining McElroy's lands,
and Tract No. 2 of the Burns's land. For
further particulars and terms apply to the
undersigned at Anderson, S. C.

Dec 14, 1882

22

3 Anderson, S. C., Dec. 7, 1882.

WORTH OF READY MADE CLOTHING FOR CASH

A well-selected stock of Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Suppose Coats, Pants and Vests made to order.

The Tailoring Department is conducted by Mr. JOHN B. CLARK, who has been cutting your Coats, Pants and Vests to fit you smoothe and will be glad for a continuance of your patronage.

Special attention given to WEDDING SUITS.

CLARK & CO.

For sale by
HERMANN BULWINER
Kerr's Wharf, Charleton, &C
Dec 14, 1882 A. C. STRICTLE